

NavRule Practice Exam ANSWERS, 70 Series Practice April 24, 2003 --- Labeled "F"  
(I received a reply from the testing service that all these answers were correct, ('you scored 100'))

1. INTERNATIONAL & INLAND An all-round flashing yellow light may be exhibited by a(n)?  
a. vessel laying cable  
b. vessel towing a submerged object  
c. vessel not under command  
**d. air cushion vessel** **Rule 23(b)**
2. INTERNATIONAL & INLAND A vessel is overtaking when she approaches another from more than how many degrees abaft of the beam?  
a. 0.0°  
**c. 22.5°**  
b. 11.25°  
d. 45.0° **Rule 13(b)**
3. INTERNATIONAL & INLAND A power-driven vessel, when towing another vessel astern, shall show the light(s) in Diagram \_?  
a. 75  
c. 54  
b. 60  
d. 46 **Rule xxx**  
*(Diagram questions are not in the on-line exam)*
4. INTERNATIONAL & INLAND Which vessel, when anchored at night, is not required to show anchor lights?  
a. A power-driven vessel  
c. A vessel engaged on pilotage duty  
**d. A vessel engaged in fishing** **Rule 26(a, b & c)**  
b. A vessel engaged in survey operations
5. INTERNATIONAL & INLAND Which vessel must sound her fog signal at intervals not to exceed one minute?  
a. A power-driven vessel underway, not making way  
c. A vessel engaged in fishing, at anchor  
b. A vessel constrained by her draft  
**d. A vessel aground** **Rule 35(g & f)**
6. INTERNATIONAL & INLAND Which vessel is to be regarded as a vessel restricted in her ability to maneuver?  
a. A vessel fishing with trawls  
c. A vessel with a draft of such depth that she cannot change her course  
b. A vessel which has lost the use of her steering gear  
**d. A vessel engaged in mine clearing** **Rule 3(g)(v)**
7. INTERNATIONAL & INLAND A vessel showing a rigid replica of the International Code flag A is engaged in \_\_\_\_\_.  
**a. diving operations**  
c. fishing  
b. dredging  
d. mine clearance operations **Rule 27(e)(ii)**
8. INTERNATIONAL ONLY A power driven vessel leaving a quay or wharf must sound what signal?  
a. Three short blasts  
c. A prolonged blast  
b. A long blast  
**d. No signal is required** **For INLAND see Rule 34(g)** **Rule 34**

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9. INTERNATIONAL & INLAND Which lights shall a 200-meter vessel exhibit when at anchor?  
a. In the forepart of the vessel, a 225-degree white light.  
b. In the after part of the vessel, a 112.5-degree white light.  
**c. Working lights to illuminate the decks.**  
d. In the forepart of the vessel, a 112.5-degree white light Rule 30©
10. INTERNATIONAL & INLAND Three short blasts of the whistle means \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. danger  
b. I am in distress  
**d. I am operating astern propulsion** Rule 34(a)  
c. my vessel is towing
11. INTERNATIONAL & INLAND A power-driven vessel underway shall keep out of the way of a vessel \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. not under command  
b. restricted in her ability to maneuver  
**d. All of the above** Rule 18  
c. engaged in fishing
12. INLAND ONLY Which is CORRECT regarding a special flashing light?  
a. It must be yellow in color  
b. It must be placed as far forward as possible  
**d. All of the above** Rule 21(g)  
c. It must not show through an arc of more than 225°
13. INTERNATIONAL & INLAND In a crossing situation, the stand-on vessel should normally \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. take action to cross ahead of the other vessel  
b. take action to pass astern of the other vessel  
**c. maintain course and speed** Rule 17(a)  
d. change course and increase speed
14. INLAND ONLY For the purpose of the Inland Navigation Rules, the term Inland Waters includes \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. the Western Rivers  
b. the Great Lakes on the United States side of the International Boundary  
**d. All of the above** Rule 3(o)  
c. harbors and rivers shoreward of the COLREGS demarcation lines
15. INTERNATIONAL & INLAND A 45-meter vessel is pulling a 210-meter tow. She may exhibit \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. a masthead light forward and two masthead lights in a vertical line aft  
**b. three masthead lights forward and one aft** Rule 24(a)(i) & 24(d)  
c. two masthead lights forward and no after masthead light  
d. three masthead lights aft and none forward

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16. INLAND ONLY Which signal may be used by a vessel that is in doubt as to whether sufficient action is being taken by another vessel to avoid collision?
- a. A continuous sounding of the fog horn  
**c. Five or more short blasts on the whistle**  
b. Firing a gun every minute  
d. One prolonged blast on the whistle **Rule 34(d)**
17. INLAND ONLY Your vessel is 75 meters in length and restricted in her ability to maneuver. Visibility is restricted. What signal do you sound if your are carrying out your work at anchor.
- a. Five seconds ringing of a bell at intervals of not more than one minute  
**b. One prolonged blast followed by two short blasts on the whistle at intervals of not more than two minutes**  
c. Five second ringing of a bell and five seconds sounding of a gong at intervals of not more than one minute.  
d. Four short blasts on the whistle at intervals of not more than two minutes **Rule 35(c)**
18. INTERNATIONAL & INLAND An overtaking situation at night would be one in which one vessel sees which light(s) of a vessel ahead?
- a. Masthead lights and sidelights  
c. Both sidelights  
**d. Sternlight**  
b. One sidelight, the masthead lights and sternlight **Rule 13(b)**
19. INTERNATIONAL & INLAND A vessel at anchor shall display, between sunrise and sunset, on the forward part of the vessel where is can best be seen \_\_\_\_\_.
- a. one black ball**  
c. one red ball  
b. two black balls  
d. two orange and white balls **Rule 30(a)**
20. INTERNATIONAL & INLAND A power-driven vessel towing another vessel astern (two less than 200 meters) shall show \_\_\_\_?
- a. three masthead lights in a vertical line instead of either the forward or after masthead light  
**b. two masthead lights in a vertical line instead of either the forward or after masthead light**  
c. two towing lights in a vertical line at the stern  
d. a small white light aft of the funnel **Rule 24(a)**
- 21 INTERNATIONAL & INLAND One of the signals, other than a distress signal, that can be used by a vessel to attract attention is a(n) \_\_\_\_\_.
- a. red star shell  
c. burning barrel  
**b. searchlight**  
d. orange smoke signal **Rule 36**

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22. INTERNATIONAL & INLAND There is a provision to depart from the Rules, if necessary, to avoid \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. a close-quarters situation
- b. an overtaking situation
- c. immediate danger**
- d. Any of the above

**Rule 2(b)**

23. INTERNATIONAL & INLAND Each prolonged blast on the whistle signals used by a power-driven vessel in fog, whether making way or underway but not making way, is \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. about one second
- b. two to four seconds
- c. four to six seconds**
- d. eight to ten seconds

**Rule 32(c)**

24. INTERNATIONAL & INLAND Which statement is true concerning a vessel equipped with operational radar?

- a. The Master of the vessel must be on the bridge when the radar is in use.
- b. The radar equipment is only required to be used in restricted visibility.
- c. The use of a radar excuses a vessel from the need of a look-out.
- d. This equipment must be used to obtain early warning of risk of collision.**

**Rule 7(b)**

25. INTERNATIONAL & INLAND The sternlight shall be positioned such that it will show from dead astern to how many degrees on each side of the stern of the vessel?

- a. 135.0 °
- b. 112.5°
- c. 67.5°**
- d. 22.5°

**Rule 21(c)**

26. INTERNATIONAL & INLAND A pilot vessel may continue to sound an identity signal if she is \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. underway, but not making way**
- b. aground
- c. being towed
- d. not engaged in pilotage duty

**Rule 35(j)&(i)**

27. INTERNATIONAL & INLAND A barge more than 50 meters long, at anchor in a special anchorage area designated by the Secretary, is required to show how many white anchor lights?

- a. 1
  - b. 3
  - c. 4
  - d. 2**
- Title 33 Paragraph 109.10 does not apply

**Rule 30 (a)**

28. INTERNATIONAL & INLAND A vessel not under command, underway but not making way, would show \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. two all-round red lights in a vertical line**
- b. sidelights
- c. a sternlight
- d. All of the above

**Rule 27(a)**

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29. INLAND ONLY Which statement is TRUE concerning the Inland Navigation Rules?

- a. They list requirements for Traffic Separation Schemes
- b. They define moderate speed
- c. They require communication by radiotelephone to reach a passing agreement
- d. All of the above

**Rule 10**

30. INLAND ONLY A vessel engaged in public safety activities may display an alternately flashing red and yellow light. This special light may be used by a vessel engaged in \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. law enforcement
- b. patrolling a regatta
- c. hauling in pairs
- d. river bank protection

**Annex V §88.12(b)**

31. INLAND ONLY You are approaching a sharp bend in a river. You have sounded a prolonged blast and it has been answered by a vessel on the other side of the bend. Which statement is TRUE?

- a. Both vessels must exchange passing signals when in sight and passing within one-half mile of each other.
- b. No further whistle signals are necessary.
- c. The vessel downriver must stop her engines and navigate with caution.
- d. Both vessels must immediately sound passing signals whether or not they are in sight of each other.

**Rule 34(a)**

32. INTERNATIONAL & INLAND Which vessel may exhibit identifying lights when not actually engaged in her occupation?

- a. A trawler
- b. A fishing vessel
- c. A tug
- d. None of the above

**Rule 24-27**

33. INTERNATIONAL & INLAND A single towing light will be carried above a vessel's sternlight \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. only if she is towing astern
- b. only if the tow exceeds 200 meters
- c. at any time when she is towing
- d. if the towing vessel is part of a composite unit

**Rule 24(a)**

34. INTERNATIONAL & INLAND Which statement concerning an overtaking situation is correct?

- a. The overtaking vessel is the stand-on vessel.
- b. Neither vessel is the stand-on vessel.
- c. The overtaking vessel must maintain course and speed.
- d. The overtaking vessel must keep out of the way of the other.

**Rule 13**

35. INLAND ONLY Under the Inland Navigation Rules, what is the meaning of one short blast signal used when meeting another vessel?

- a. I am turning to starboard.
- b. I am turning to port
- c. I intend to leave you on my starboard side.
- d. I intend to leave you on my port side.

**Rule 34(a)(i)**

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36. INLAND ONLY You are overtaking another power-driven vessel in a narrow channel. The other vessel will have to move to allow you to pass. You wish to overtake the other vessel and leave her on your starboard side. Your first whistle signal should be \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. two prolonged blasts followed by one short blast
- b. two prolonged blasts followed by two short blasts
- c. one short blast
- d. two short blasts

**Rule 34(c)(i)**

37. INTERNATIONAL & INLAND A sailing vessel is NOT required to keep out of the way of a \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. power-driven vessel
- b. vessel not under command
- c. vessel restricted in her ability to maneuver
- d. a vessel engaged in fishing

**Rule 18**

38. INTERNATIONAL & INLAND On open water, a vessel fishing is in a crossing situation with a vessel sailing located on the fishing vessel's starboard side. Which vessel is the stand-on vessel?

- a. The fishing vessel because it is to port of the sailing vessel.
- b. The fishing vessel because it is fishing.
- c. The sailing vessel because it is to starboard of the fishing vessel
- d. The sailing vessel because it is sailing

**Rule 18**

39. INTERNATIONAL & INLAND A power-driven vessel making way though the water sounds which fog signal?

- a. Two short blasts every one minute
- b. One short blast every one minute
- c. Two prolonged blasts every two minutes
- d. One prolonged blast every two minutes

**Rule 35(a)**

40. INLAND ONLY If you are the stand-on vessel in a crossing situation, you may take action to avoid collision by your maneuver alone. When may this action be taken?

- a. As soon as you determine that risk of collision exists
- b. Only when you have reached extremis
- c. When it becomes apparent to you that the give-way vessel is not taking appropriate action
- d. When you determine that your present course will cross ahead of the other vessel

**Rule 17(a)(ii)**

41. INTERNATIONAL & INLAND You hear the fog signal of another vessel forward of your beam. Risk of collision may exist. You MUST \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. begin a radar plot
- b. stop your engines
- c. take all way off, if necessary
- d. All of the above

**Rule 8(e)**

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42. INTERNATIONAL & INLAND What describes a head-on collision?

- a. Seeing a vessel displaying both sidelights ONLY dead ahead
- b. Seeing two forward white towing identification lights in a vertical line on a towing vessel directly ahead
- c. Seeing both sidelights of a vessel directly off your starboard beam
- d. Seeing both sidelights and masthead light(s) of a vessel dead head

**Rule 14(b)**

43. INTERNATIONAL ONLY Two prolonged blasts followed by one short blast on the whistle is a signal which could be sounded by a \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. fishing vessel
- b. vessel anchored
- c. mineclearing vessel
- d. vessel overtaking another in a narrow channel

**Rule 34(c)**

44. INTERNATIONAL & INLAND The white masthead light required for a power-driven vessel under the Rules is visible over how many degrees of the horizon?

- a. 022.5°
- b. 112.5°
- c. 225.0°
- d. 360.0°

**Rule xxx**

45. INTERNATIONAL & INLAND If you do NOT understand the course or intention of an approaching vessel you should sound \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. one short blast
- b. one prolonged blast
- c. not less than five short blasts
- d. not less than five prolonged blasts

**Rule xxx**

46. INTERNATIONAL ONLY The International Rules of the Road apply \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. to all waters
- b. to any waters inside the territorial waters of the United States
- c. only to waters where foreign vessels travel
- d. upon the high seas and connecting waters navigable by seagoing vessels

**Rule 1**

47. INTERNATIONAL & INLAND At night you sight a vessel displaying one green light. This light could indicate a \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. vessel drifting
- b. vessel at anchor
- c. small motorboat underway
- d. sailboat underway

**Rule 25(a)**

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48. INTERNATIONAL & INLAND While underway and in sight of another vessel, less than one half mile away, you put your engines on astern propulsion. Which statement concerning whistle signals is TRUE?

- a. You need not sound any whistle signals.
- b. You must sound one blast if backing to starboard.
- c. You must sound whistle signals only if the vessels are meeting.
- d. You should sound three short blasts on the whistle.

**Rule 34(a)**

49. INTERNATIONAL & INLAND A vessel may exhibit lights other than those prescribed by the Rules as long as the additional lights \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. are not the same color as either side light
- b. have a lesser range of visibility than the prescribed lights
- c. do not impair the visibility or distinctive character of the prescribed lights
- d. All of the above

**Rule 20**

50. INTERNATIONAL & INLAND Which vessel must exhibit forward and aft white masthead lights when making way?

- a. A 75-meter vessel restricted in her ability to maneuver
- b. A 100-meter sailing vessel
- c. A 150-meter vessel engaged in fishing
- d. A 45-meter vessel engaged in towing

**Rule 27(b)(iii)&23(a)**